## Affairs of FRANCE:

Purg'd from the Errors and Partiality of Newf-Writers and Petty-Statesmen, of all Sides.

> November 28. 1704. Tuelday,

Hope no Man will say now, that the French have not Influenc'd the Affairs of Hungary; and that their Affairs have not been manag'd by Concert from thence.

The Numbers of French Officers in the Hungarian Army, the French Money, the Arms and Equipages sent by Mr. Bones the French Envoy in Polind, and fometimes ftop'd and feiz'd there, leaves it out of Doubt; but more particularly the Encouragement given to all the Ger-mans, taken Prisoners by the Swede, in his Battles with the King of Poland's Forces, to go and take Service with the Hungarians, is plain.

I am Inform'd, tho' I do not vouch it for Truth, that the Officers taken at the Battle of Narva, and the Officers of the Saxons taken at Thorn, which were Cast away lately coming from Sweden, were for this Service; and no Account elfe can be given, why they have been carryed and Re-carry'd from one Place to another, and handled with fo little Humanity, but in order to be brought over to Fight for the Hungarians; upon Condition whereof, the French Embassador not only pays their Ransom, but furnishes them with Money and Equipages to go to Hungary; and our next Review, shall give a plain proof of it.

Will any Man be so Blind as to say after this, the King of France does it in meer Pity, to relieve the Poor Diffres'd Protestants? Or will they tell us, he does it for no end at all? He is too

Wife a Prince to Act fo prepofteronfly; he has Exclaim'd against the Consederacy, for affitting or attempting to Affifthis Rebels in the Cevennes; here he is plainly affifting Rebels; nay, he in a manner form'd the Rebellion; I may be allow'd to call it so here for the Sake of the Argument, for in his Sense they must be so.

His most Christian Majesty upbraids the Emperor, by his Letters and Manifesto's, with joyning his Forces with the Enemies of the Church, and bringing Hereticks into hely: I should be Glad to see how any Man can bring him off in this Cale from the same Guilt, (viz,) from Fomenting, Affifting and Encouraging, Hereticks, if the Hungarians are Protestants, and Enemies of the Church, to pull down the Imperial Crown of a Roman Catholick Prince, and bring and Army of Hereticks into the Bowels of the Holy Roman Empire;

I confess these are some of the greatest Con-tradictions I can see, in all his most Christian Majesty's Conduct; I know nothing more nicely affects his Honour, and reproaches him with

breaking that Golden Rule;

Quod sibi fieri non via alteri ne fecerii.

Nor can the Conquet of the King of Sweden be justified by me in this Case ; if it be True, that he suffers the French Ambassadors or Emisfaries to Ranfom his Prisoners of War, and En-Iiii gage

Confederate, the Emperor.

It all ends in this Politick Ejaculation, how great is the Power of Ambition and Self-Interest in the World! how does it break thro all the Rules of Honour, Blood, Alliance, and every thing elle, that is or ought to be Sacred among Princes? The pretences of Princes, and States are fair, and are furnish'd with plausible Shams, to make them feem to to the World; but how eafily is the Shadow feen thro, and how willingly do Princes Unmask themselves, when their own darling Interest comes in the

Religion, we fee, made the Stalking Horfe of the World, and forves for a Varnish to all these State Intrigues; but all Centers in this mighty Circle; Men are all Working them elves

in, and their Neighbours out.

The Bisms of the World is Worship'd in the main, by whatfoever Idel She is reprefented.

The King of France Fights for the Church, of which he passes for the most Christian Head; and yet to bring his Designs to pass, Encourages by Promiles and Affiffance, a body of Malecontents, who, among the reft of their Demands, require the Protestant Religion to be reflor'd, and all the Prieffs to be banish'd; he Fights for the Roman Catholick Religion, and yet nourishes Hereticks, and gives Arms into their Hands, to Fight against that same Catholick Religion he pretends to.

The King of Sweden, a Protestant Prince, Fights againft as far as making a Fatal Divertion will do it, the general Interest of the whole Body of the Protestant Church in Europe. Here's the Popish Empire attack'd by Pro-

sefiants on one hand, Deserted by Protestants on another, and fav'd by Protestants on a Third; let us never more concern Religion in the Quarrels and Fends of Princes and Nations. Tis such an Old Exploded sham, that for the future, they that pretend most to it, shall for ever be suspected by me to have least of it in their Defign.

Commend me to the Turks, they are the Truest Fighters for Religion, that I know of, in the World; they from the Affiftance of Christians to Erect Mabomeranism ; we never Read figor the Battle between Tamer-

gage them in a Service against his Allie and lain and Bajazette, that ever the Turks accepted the Aid of the Christians in any of the Wars: we have Talk'd of Leagues between the Kin of France and the Grand Seignior, of French Engineers in their Armies, to Teach them to En-camp and Entrench; but I do not find it Authentick enough to charge him with it, nor has it ever been the Practice of the Muslimmen, to accept of the help of the Enemies of their Faith, to Fight for the Establishment of it.

But among Christians nothing more frequent; and all is put to their account of the Policies of War; we Frauds of State they should call it; for it is nothing but a State Cheat, that

Men of Honour ought to be asham'd of.

If it be Objected, why do the Protestants accept of, and truft to Popilh Troops: This is Answerd, we differ from the King of France and the Duke of Bavaria; in the substance of the Thing we fay, 'is no War of Religion; 'tis a War of State; Europe is Embroil'd by the Ambirtous Defigns of one Man aiming at Universal Power; We are Fighting to bring him to Reason and Rule to maintain Right, weferve Peace, open and Encourage Trade, and bring the World to a Temper, fit for Honest Men to Live in ; if any of the Roman Catholiek Powers in Christendom, have their Eyesopen, to this necessary Article, they are on our Sides and while all are for Truth and Liberty, 'is no matter of what Religion they are.

When we come to a Holy War, a meer Crufa-do, a War of Religion, as fucb, then 'tis hop'd the Protestants will be all of a Side; and if they were fo, and United among themselves, I am fo far from Diftrusting their Power, or the Divine Affistance, that I car'd not how foun it

was to begin.

It will fall in my way, in the Course of these Papers, to draw up all the Porces of Europe in two Armies, Catholicks on one Side, and us Hereticks on the other; and when I do fo, I am of opinion, the difference will not appear fo great against the Protestants, that they should be afraid of a Religious War.

But this is certain, the prefent War is not a War of Religion; the feveral Declarations of the Princes concern d, will make out the Par-

ticulars, and to them I refer.

## ADVICE from the Scandal. CLUB.

S the Society faw the author of the Gagette making a Correction in the Case of the Presenters of the Hertford Address; they were in hopes he would have gone on to liave Corrected some other, and more gross Mistakes than that; and have forborn their Animadverfions on that head, in hopes he would have been pleased to reflect upon his very great Care in preparing that Paper; but fince he is not pleased to think it worth his while, they can no longer in justice, forbear inserting the following Letter.

For the Ingenious Author of the Review.

THE News-Writers, as you have often obferv'd, bave usury a four of giving and taking away Titles; some bave Created Lords, others Dukes, but they never meddled with Spirimal Dignities, till the Gazetteer, in his last Paper, Conferenced a new Archbishop, I mean, of Grace of Lincoln, who introduc'd the Dean of Sincoln to Profess on Added from the Pilhan Grace of Lincoln, who introduc a the Dean of Lincoln, to Present an Addrest from the Bishop, Dean, &c. of Chefter: Pray let him be brought before the Scandalous Club, that they may Censure him according to his Deserves, for this intolerable studies; in so doing, you will oblige Your Humble Servant, T. W.

The Words are as follow; Gazette, No. 4065, Oftob. 26. The following Address was Presented to Her Majesty, by the Reverend Dr. Willis, Dean of Lincoln, introduc'd by bie Grace the Lord Arebbifhop of Lin-

The Blunder is fo great, and such Offences fo Common, in the Case of this Gentleman, they could not avoid entring him for the seventeenth time, or thereaboute, in their Journals of Ge.

HE Gentleman, who expects Comfort from the Society's Answer to the following Letter, if he is disappointed, must excuse the Society, fince the Occasion depends upon himself.

Gentlemen, Vissuom Lady, who suspetted the Condutt of ber Husband, went in Difquise to the PlayHouse, where she soon found Opportunity to prattle to him: The good natur'd Gentleman, over-come with the united Forces of Wit and Humour, beg'd Leaveso wait upon her to a Coach; and after be was blest with the softest Joys of consenting Love, they then parted; he to the Bottle, and the to her House; where when honest arrived, was feen nosbing but fower Melancholy,

all prefaging, and Showers of Tears.

My Friend baving, with mighty Importunity and Promises of Amendment, obtain'd Knowledge of Matter of Fast, the Reason of his Ladies concern; desir'd me to Enquire of your Oracular Wisdoms, whether these following Lutstions, might not he frield said.

might not be fairly ask'd.

1. Wherher any Lady should be jealous of a Husband that weighs, as my Friend does, 18 Stone?
2. Whether any modest Lady should go to the

Play-House?

2. Whether she should go there in Disguise, and prattle to Gentlemen, fince thefe may be Occasions of

4. Whether any modest Lady, should suffer her felf to be used as a Whote?

5. How far the Intention does denominate it a

Crime, fince the Subject was lawful?
The Refolution of these Questions, will be as unspeakable Advantage to Mankind in general, and an everlasting Comfort to the poor Gentlemen.

Your most Humble Servant, London, Nov. 24. Anti-Ewigidet ...

1704.

All the Reflections, cast here upon the Lady's Virtue in going to a Play, suffering her felf to be u'd as a Whore, being jealous, &c. return vehemently upon the Gentleman himself, whose Cause of Suspicion had so good Grounds, that they prompted her to ule the unhappy Experi. ment; and the Consequence made it appear to be right fixt.

'Ils certain a Missortune to be Curious in what we would be forry to find true; and fuch an Experiment only tends to make out. Unhappinels certain; and this way the Lady may be reckoned very Milerable; but we can-not call her Criminal, because his Guile made

all her Jealousy Rational

The Jest put upon the Gentleman's Bulk, mends nothing of the Matter; fince, if he weighed 18 Tun, instead of 18 Stone, if he would Where, as it was too apparent, the Jealouly was excusid, because confirm d.

All the Advice the Society can give in this Case, is Reformation; and a tender Treatment of the injured Lady, to make up, as far as, possible the Fatal, and too just Breach in the Family.

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William Tilliar, about 16 Years of Age, lank

W Illiam Tilliar, about 16 Years of Age, lank William Tilliar, about 16 Years of Age, lank brown Hair, pail Complection, Small pox in his Face; of a flow and low Speech, an Imperfection in his left Eye, as also in his Hearing; without Money or Cloaths, more than a mixt Serge Frock, and a Serge Cianamon colour'd Wastcoat, an old black Hatt, Leather Apron, and Leather Breeches, not furnished with so much Reason as might be expected from one of his Age: He hath been missing ever since the 19th of Ostober last, if he will return to his Father, he shall be Kindly receiv'd to his full Satisfaction; if he be Trapann'd to go abroad, as is supposed he is desir'd, if possible, to let his Father know where he may be Directed to, and Care shall be taken of him; and if he be desirous to Travel; all things needful shall be sent after him. And the First Person that shall be for kind to send Word whether he be alive or Dead, to his Father William Tilliar within Cripplegate, or to to fend Word whether he be alive or Dead, to his Father William Tillia within Cripplegate, or to Der's Scor's Coffee-house in St. Barrbolomen, Lane, behind the Royal Exchange, shall be paid a Guinea (if desired) by his Father; who with his Grandmother, are very much concern'd for him, as in such a deplorable Condition.

The Church of England prov'd to be Conformable to, and Approv'd by all the Presentant Churches in Murope. Being an Abridgment of Mr. Durel's Book of Foreign Churches Printed for Nethern Wall book of Foreign Churches. Printed for Nethern Wall book of Foreign Churches Printed for

Jeffery Wate at the Angel in St. Paul's Church-yard, and fold by John Nuts near Stationers-Hall. 1705.

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